

وأللّه آلرَّحَمَرَ آلرِّحِيكِ By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

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1. By¹ the winnowers-she, firmly winnowing².	وَٱلذَّ رِيَىتِ ذَرَوًا ۞
2. Then the bearers-she ^{y3} (of) a wegra ⁴ (heavy-burden).	فَٱلْحَيْمِلَتِ وقُراً 💮
3. Then the runners-she ^{y5} , (in) firm easiness ⁶ .	فَٱلْجِئرِيَتِ يُسْرًا
4. Then the allotters-she ^{y7} (of) firm a matter ⁸ .	فَٱلْمُقَسِّمَٰتِ أَمْرًا ۞
5. Verily what you ^z (are being) promised surely (is) ssa'deqon (credible/always truth manifester).	إِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَصَادِقٌ ۞
6. Verily/truly the <i>Deen⁹</i> (<i>requital</i>) (<i>is</i>) surely befalling/occurrent.	وَإِنَّ ٱلدِّينَ لَوَ قِعٌ ٥
7. By ¹⁰ the Heaven ^w , the <i>hubok'e (paths')</i> possessor ¹¹ .	وَٱلسَّمَاءِ ذَاتِ ٱلْحُبُكِ ۞
8. Verily you ^b (<i>are</i>) surely in a say ^x dissident/different.	إِنَّكُرْ لَفِي قَوْلِ مُحْتَلَفٍ 🚳
9. You'afako(to be off-right dissuaded/speciously deterred)a'n(off)it× whopofeka(he had been off right dissuaded/speciously deterred).	يُؤْفَكُ عَنْهُ مَنْ أُفِكَ ۞
10. (<i>Had been</i>) killed the <i>kharrassona</i> ¹² (<i>vast/iterative conjecturers/liars</i>).	قُتِلَ ٱلْحَرَّاصُونَ ۞
11. Who they (are) in an abyss sa'hoona ¹³ (they who are unmindful of present/future situation).	ٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ فِي غُمْرَةٍ سَاهُونَ ٢
12. They ^z ask: <i>ayyana</i> ¹⁴ (which momentous period) (is) the Deen's (Requital's) Day ¹⁵ .	يَسْعَلُونَ أَيَّانَ يَوْمُ ٱلدِّينِ ﴿
13. Day they over The Fire ^w (are to be) essayed they ^z .	يَوْمَ هُمَّ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ يُفْتُنُونَ 👚

¹ In Arabic the letter "3" = "and!" However, in Arabic "and" has additional meaning as an article used to swear by the name of Allah! In English the equivalent for swearing is "by" and not "and!" Therefore, since this Ayah begins by making an oath by the name of "لذَّليات"," so we start with the word "by" instead of "ع," as the beginning of this Ayah! Clearly in English "ع" will not suffice the meaning!

² The word "ندوا" is absolute object= مفعول مطلق, i.e. in place of an infinitive noun! Infinitive noun is used to emphasize, to specify, to absolutely confirm or affirm the action in reference! Hence, "firm" to qualify the winnowing!

³ That is the clouds, see الطبري!

⁴ The word "وقرا" with كسرة on the و, is "burden" and some say "heavy burden!" See اللسان Also the "وقرا" s what is carried internally (like a fetus in the womb) or externally like the date-palm's sheath and bunches, or any burden which can be carried on a donkey or the mule! This is versus the "وسق of the camel load!

⁵ That is the ships, see الطبري!

⁶ The word "پیسرا" is absolute object مطلق, see footnote 3460 above in this regard!

⁷ That is the angels, see الطبري!
8 The word "امرا" could be "عالت = conditional, i.e. they are commanded, or absolute object مفعول مطلق, see footnote 5745 above in this regard, i.e. absolute object= إمفعول مطلق

⁹ The word "Deen" = "الدُّين" = "religion" has several meanings, among them: requital or recompense, remuneration as in this Ayah, or Day of Judgment, where everyone is accorded his/her dues, good or bad!

¹⁰ See footnote 1 above regarding "3" for swearing, in this case with respect to the Heaven!

11 According to Ibn Abbas, "Qur'an translator" the word "בּוּצׁם" means the crafted perfectly, i.e. the heaven!

12 The word "خراص على وزن فعال" and "اخراص على وزن فعال" is plural for "خراص" is simultaneously vast (عظیم=) and iterative (کثیر) both in conjecturing/lying!

¹³ Theword "הראשני" is masculine, plural subjective noun, meaning: they who are unmindful of a present/future situation!

14 The word "ayyana" = "أيان" really is "أي أوان أو أي حين" solution! "أيان" was used for! See معجم النحو is which period, a specific and important (momentous) occurrence happen!

15 See footnote 9 above regarding "Deen!"

14. Let-taste you ^z your ⁿ essay ^w ; this (<i>is that</i>) which ^x you ^c were by it ^x tasta'ajelona (affirmably hasten you ^z).	ذُوقُوا فِتَنَتَكُر هَنذَا ٱلَّذِي كُنتُم بِهِ تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ ﴿
15. Verily the <i>muttaqeena</i> (they who reverentially guard against Allah's displeasure) (are) in gardens ^w and wells ^w .	إِنَّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّنتٍ وَعُيُونٍ ٢
16. Takers/taking ¹⁶ they ^z , what gave them their Lord; verily they [were] before <i>tha'leka</i> (<i>afar-that-it</i> /) ^x benefactors.	ءَاخِذينَ مَآ ءَاتَنهُمْ رَهُمُمْ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَبْلَ ذَٰ لِكَ مُحُسِنِينَ ﴿
17. They ² [were] a little of the night when o yahja'aona ¹⁷ (they ² nocturnally interruptively-sleep).	كَانُواْ قَلِيلًا مِّنَ ٱلَّيِّل مَا يَهْجَعُونَ
18. And by the as'ha're (dawns' ere), they yastaghferona ¹⁸ (seek forgiveness they").	وَبِٱلْأَسْحَارِ هُمَّ يَسْتَغُفِرُونَ 👜
19. And in their possessions (is) a right for the requester and the mahroome (he who was deprived) ¹⁹ .	وَفِيۡ أُمُوالِهِمۡ حَقُّ لِّلسَّآبِل وَٱلۡحۡرُومِرِ ﴿
20. And in the Earth ^w (are) Aya'ton ^w (signs/proofs) for the muqeneena (believers with certitude).	وَفِي ٱلْأَرْضِ ءَايَنتُ لِلْمُوقِنِينَ ﴿
21. And in your ⁿ selves, ^w do then not discern you ^z .	وَفِيٓ أَنفُسِكُر ۗ أَفَلَا تُبْصِرُونَ ﴿
22. And in the Heaven ^w (is) your ⁿ rez'qa ^x (rain/victuals for sustenance) ^x and what you ^z (are being) promised. ²⁰	وَفِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ رِزْقُكُرٌ وَمَا تُوعَدُونَ ۚ
23. So by the Heaven's and the Earth's Lord verily it (is) surely right; like what surely you pronounce.	فَوَرَبِ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ إِنَّهُۥ لَحَقُّ مِّثْلَ مَآ أَنَّكُمْ تَنطِقُونَ ﴿
24. Has ataka ^x (happed-on/come-to you ^g) ^x Ebraheema's (Abraham's) guests' discourse, the mukrameena (they who are hospitality accorded and honored).	هَلْ أَتَنكَ حَدِيثُ ضَيْفِ إِبْرَ هِمَ ٱلْمُكْرَمِينَ ٢
25. Edh (when/as) entered they ^z on him then said they ^z : salaman (peace [be on you ^g]); said [he]: salamon (absolute/-infinitive peace [on you ^f]); people, munkaroona ²¹ (unknown folks).	إِذْ دَخَلُواْ عَلَيْهِ فَقَالُواْ سَلَنَمَا اللَّهُ قَوْمٌ مُّنكُرُونَ ﴿
26. Then <i>ragha</i> ([he] <i>dodged</i> / <i>furtively swerved</i>) to his family ^w ; then [he] came by a fat calf ^x .	فَرَاغَ إِلَىٰ أَهْلهِ، فَجَآءَ بعِجْل
27. Then [he] neared it to them; said [he]: would not ²² eat you ^z .	سَجِين ﷺ فَقَرَّبَهُ مِّ الْيَهِمْ قَالَ أَلَا تَأْكُلُونَ ﴿
28. So [he] perceived/conceived ²³ of them a kheyfatan ^{w24} (circumstantial state-of-fear) w; said they z: let-not [you s]	فَأُوْجَسَ مِنْهُمْ خِيفَةً ۖ قَالُوا لَا

¹⁶ That is to say they are following their Lord's prescriptions and proscriptions!

¹⁷ The word "אָבְאַפּני" rooted in "אָבְאַ" meaning interruptively-slept at night!

18 The word "يهجعون" " meaning interruptively-slept at night!

19 The word "يهجعون" " In English there is no seemly way to say: "بستغفرون" per se! So I settled for saying: "they seek forgiveness!"

¹⁹ The word "المحروم" singular, masculine, objective noun, meaning: he who was deprived (of worldly possessions), there is no English word equivalent for the mahroom!

²⁰ That is the rain water to enliven the land and also whatever is in the "اللوح المحفوظ" of everyone's ultimate disposition, be it in the world or in the Hereafter!

The word "munkaroon" is masculine, plural, objective noun, with no English equivalent perse, meaning "folks unknown!"

21 The word "munkaroon" is masculine, plural, objective noun, with no English equivalent perse, meaning "folks unknown!"

22 Clearly this "'' is the "''," for "عرض الترغيب أو التحضيض" i.e. urging or desiring, promoting the action of the following verb! In this case the "desiring" action!

23 The word "فجس" means to conceived in the mind, apprehended mentally! See الداغب "i.e. urging or desiring, promoting the action of the following verb! In this case the "desiring" action!

24 The word "kheyfah" "خيفة" is a noun etymologically it is "خوفة" as if it is a once! Hence, it is a circumstantial "state-of-fear" for a given situation! See تخيفة" And (\$20:67) provides strong support for "خيفة" as so stated, as the Ayah says:

fear; and <i>bashsharo</i> ²⁵ (<i>they</i> ² <i>told pleasant tidings to</i>) him by a <i>ghola'men</i> ²⁶ (<i>boy</i>) omniscient.	تَخَفُّ وَبَشَّرُوهُ بِغُلَم عَلِيمٍ ٢
29. Then aqbala'te([she] forwardly-advanced) whis woman/wife in a vociferousness; then slapped-shey her face; and	فَأَقْبَلَتِ ٱمْرَأَتُهُ فِي صَرَّةٍ فَصَكَّتْ
said [she]: ajoozon (an aged-woman), sterile/barren.	وَجْهَهَا وَقَالَتْ عَجُوزٌ عَقِيمٌ 📆
30. Said they ^z : like <i>tha'leka(afar-that-it/)</i> ^x said your ^y Lord; verily He (<i>is</i>) The Hakeemo ²⁷ (<i>infinite hekmah</i> ²⁸	قَالُواْ كَذَ لِكِ قَالَ رَبُّكِ ۖ إِنَّهُ مُو
Possessor), The Omniscient.	ٱلْحَكِيمُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ﴿
31. Said [he]: so what (is) your khattho (serious matter); O, you the mursaloona (sent-messengers).	 قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ أَيُّهَا
32. Said they z: verily we (had been) sent to a people	الْمُرْسَلُونَ شَ
criminals.	قَالُوۤا إِنَّاأَرْسِلُنَآ إِلَىٰ قَوْمٍ مُّجْرِمِينَ ﴿
33. To send [we] on them stones w of mud.	لِنُرْسِلَ عَلَيْهِمْ حِجَارَةً مِّن طِين شَ
34. Musawwamaton™ (with signa) enda (by Rule of) your ^t Lord for the exceeders.	مُّسَوَّمَةً عِندَ رَبِّكَ لِلْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿
35. So egressed we whom ^p [was] in it ^w of the believers.	فَأُخْرَجُنَا مَن كَانَ فِيهَا مِنَ
36. So not we found in [it] wother than a house of the	الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ فَمَا وَجَدُنَا فِيهَا غَيْرَ بَيْتِ مِّنَ
Muslims.	قما وجدنا فِيها عير بيتِ مِن ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿
37. And we left in it w an <i>Aya'tan</i> w (signpost/sign) for	وَتَركَنا فِهِمَ آءايةً لِللَّذِينَ تَحَافُونَ
whom ^r they ^z fear/know ²⁹ the torment the painful.	ٱلْعَذَّابَ ٱلْأَلِيمِ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ مَ
38. And in <i>Mosa (Moses) edh (when/since)</i> We sent him to	وَفِي مُوسَيِّ إِذْ أُرْسَلْنَكُ إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ
Pharaoh by an authority ^x manifester ^x . 39. Then he shifted/diverted by his force ³⁰ and said	بسُلطين مَّبين ﷺ فَتَوَلَّىٰ برُكِّنِهِ، وَقَالَ سَنحِرُّ أَوْ
[he]: a magician or a maniac31.	عثوبي برديبه وفان سنجر أو مَنْ الله منافر أو مَنْ الله منافر أو مَنْ الله منافر أو منافر أو منافر أو منافر أو م
40. Then We took him and his soldiers, so <i>nabathnaho</i>	فَأَخَذُنَّهُ وَجُنُودَهُ لَنَاهُمْ فِي
(We slightingly-cast him) in the yamme (sweet/salty water sea) while he (is) a blameworthy.	ٱلْمَ وَهُوَ مُلَمُ ﴿
41. And in <i>Aaden edh (when/since</i>) We sent on them the	وَفِي عَادِ إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلرِّيحَ
wind ^w , the barren/sterile. 42. Not leaves it^w of a thing it^w came-she on it and it is a simple of the came-she.	العقم ﴿ ﴿ ﴾ مَا تَذُر مِن شَيْءٍ أَتَتُ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا
except $[it^w]$ made it ^x like ³² a decay.	مَا تَدَارُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا حَمْلُهُ مُا لَدُو مِنْ شَيْءٍ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا حَمْلُهُ مُا لَكُو مِيم اللَّهُ
43. And in <i>Thamooda edh</i> (when/since) (had been) said for them tamatta'go (let-relish you ^z the transitory worldly	وَفِي ثُمُودَ إِذْ قِيلَ لَمُمْ تَمَتَّعُوا
<i>delight</i>) until a while.	حَتَّىٰ حِينِ 🚭
44. Then recalcitrated they a'n (regarding) their Lord's command; so took-she them the thunderbolt-she	فَعَتَواْ عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ فَأَخَذَتُهُمُ
	فُعَتُواْ عَنْ أُمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ فَأَخَذُنَّهُمُ

[&]quot;So, [he] perceived in himself a kheyfatan (a circumstantial state-of-fear) Mosa (Moses)!" Moses' kheyfatan was during the initial stage of the show-down between Pharos magicians and Moses!

ابِشُرًا يُبِشَرُ مُبِشِرً See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for bashashara/youbashsharo/mubasheron

²⁵ The word "ghola'men" means (1) a male boy, (2) a young mustached boy, (3) a hireling, (4) a servant/slave.

²⁷ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "الحكيم" and "حكيم" and "حكي

331 Nam Bha Teya te	51 سوره الداريت
while they ^z look.	ٱلصَّعقَةُ وَهُمْ يَنظُرُونَ 🗊
45. So not could they ^z of a standing and nor were they ^z	فَمَا ٱسۡتَطَعُواْ مِن قِيَام وَمَا
succorers/victors.	كَانُوا مُنتَصِرين 👜
46. And <i>Noohen's</i> (<i>Noah's</i>) people of earlier; verily they were people <i>fa'seqeena</i> (<i>rebels-vis-à-vis Allah's command</i>).	وَقَوْمَ نُوحٍ مِن قَبْلُ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا
47. And the Heaven We built it by ay'den ³³ (divine or Might	قومًا فسقين 📆
of Might), and verily We surely (are) expanding- /expanders.	وَٱلسَّمَآءَ بَنَيْنَهَا بِأَيْيِدٍ وَإِنَّا لَمُوسِعُونَ ﴿
48. And the Earth We spread it so ne'ama (most excellent)	وِٱلْأَرْضِ فَرَشْنَاهَا فَنِعْمَ
(are) The Eveners.	المَنهدُونَ 📾
49. And of each thing We created a two pairs ³⁴ , <i>la'alla</i> (<i>craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps</i>) you be reminiscence you ² .	وَمِن كُلُ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنَا زَوْجَيْن لَعَلَّكُرِّ تَذَكَّرُونَ ﷺ
50. So let-flee you ^z to Allah; verily I am for you ^b from	فَفِرُّواْ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنِّي لَكُم مِّنَّهُ نَذيرٌ
Him natheeron (iterative warner) manifester.	مُبِينٌ 📵
51. And let-not make you ^z with Allah an <i>elahan (a deity</i>)	وَلَا تَجَعَلُواْ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ إِلَىهًا ءَاخَرَ
another; verily I am for you b from Him <i>natheeron</i>	
(iterative warner) manifester.	إِنَّى لَكُر مِّنَّهُ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ 🚭
52. Like <i>tha'leka(afar-that-it/</i>) ^x not <i>ata</i> ^x (<i>happed on/come to</i>) ^x whom ^r of before them of a messenger except said	كَذَالِكَمَآ أَتَى ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِم مِّن
they ^z : a magician or a maniac ³⁵ .	رَّسُول إِلَّا قَالُواْ سَاحِرُّأُ وْمَجْنُونُ ﴿
53. Have they ^z mutually enjoined by it ^x ; rather they (<i>are</i>)	أَتُوَاصَوْاْ بِهِے ۚ بَلِ هُمْ قَوْمٌ
people tyrants.	
	طاغونُ 🕞
54. So let-divert [yous] a'n (off) them; thus, not yous (are) surely a blameworthy.	فَتَوَلُّ عَنْهُمْ فَمَآ أَنتَ بِمَلُومٍ ٢
55. And let-remind [you s], as verily the reminding/-	وَذَكِّرْ فَإِنَّ ٱلذِّكْرَىٰ تَنفَعُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
remembrance ^{w36} benefits the believers.	
56. And not I created the Jinn and the humankind	وَمَا خَلَقْتُ ٱلْجِنَّ وَٱلْإِنسَ إِلَّا
except to worship they ^z $[Me]^{37}$.	ان در المان
57. Neither [I] want from them of a rez'genx (provision-	ريعبدون ري
/victuals for sustenance) x and nor [I] want that youtt'-	مَآ أُريدُ مِنْهُم مِن رُزْقِ وَمَآ أُريدُ
emoo'ne (they z give to: ingest $[I]/feed$) $[Me]^{38}$.	أن يُطْعِمُون 🕝
58. Verily Allah, He(is) The Razzago (Ever/Stout Giver of:	إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلرَّزَّاقُ ذُو ٱلْقُوَّة
provision/victuals for sustenance/rain) the Might ^w Possessor,	ٱلْمَتِينُ ﴿
The Ma'teeno (Strong and Indefatigable).	

³³ The word "الْبِيْ"="ay'den," linguistically speaking is "power/strength/might!" However, in this case, it is Allah's! Allah clearly could endow it to any of His creatures! There is no single English word to mean "" per se! That is why the word "أيدٍ" = "ay'den'' is transliterated! See اللسان

³⁴ The word "צُوج" in "נُوج" strictly and linguistically speaking means (1) pair, (2) husband or wife, (3) the individual entity

[&]quot;The word "פּבּאַנוֹ" in "נפּבּאַנוֹ" strictly and linguistically speaking means (1) pair, (2) hisband or infe, (3) the individual entity with a companion, (4) category (sort or kind or specimen, (5) hue (color). And quite relevant to the word "נפּוֹש" is its plural: (1) "ינפּוֹש"," which could also mean: (2) similars, i.e. the look-likes!), (3) hues! See "Minister or Minister or Minister or Minister or Minister or "Minister or Minister or Minister or Minister or Minister or "Minister or Minister or Minister or Minister or Minister or "Minister or Minister or

- 59. So verily, for whom ^r dhalamo³⁹ (they ^z wronged) (are) dhanoban (offenses) like their companions' dhano'be (offenses); so let not tasta'ajelona (affirmably hasten you^z).
 - أُصِّحَابَهِمْ فَلَا يَسْتَغْجِلُونَ ﴿ فَوَيْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن يَوْمِهِمُ ٱلَّذِي يُوعَدُونَ ۞
- 60. So waylon (lengthy: woe/bane/valley in Hell) for whom^r disbelieved they^z of their day which^x they^z (are being) promised.

 $^{^{39}}$ The word "فالم" = "injustice-doer, and "فالم" = "wronged!"